

REGISTERED POST
MOST IMMEDIATE

No. EDN-H (21) B (15) 10/2017-Disaster Management-Vol-IV-

Directorate of Higher Education

Himachal Pradesh

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Dated: Shimla-171001

the

August, 2017

शिक्षा निदेशालय जम्मू 18.08.17

29 AUG 2017

From:-

The Director of Higher Education
Himachal Pradesh

To

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All the Principals, Government Degree Colleges, in Himachal Pradesh.
All the Deputy Directors of Higher Education, in Himachal Pradesh.

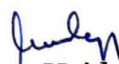
Subject: -

Regarding recommendations of the State Level Conclave on Sendai Framework on Disaster Risk Reduction held during 30th and 31st May, 2017 at Hotel Holiday Home, Shimla.

Memo:

Please find enclosed herewith a copy of letter No. Rev. (DMC) (F) 11-45/2016 (SFDRR)-dated: 04/08/2017 received from Deputy Secretary (Rev-DM) to the Government of Himachal Pradesh, Shimla-2 on the subject cited above.

In this connection, you are hereby directed to implement the recommendation in your districts/institutions. These instructions may be complied with in letter & spirit.



(Krishan Vaidya)
Jt. Director of Higher Education (C-I)
Himachal Pradesh

Endst. No. EDN-H (21) B (15) 10/2017-Disaster Management-Vol-IV-Dated: Shimla-171001

Copy for information to:-

- 1 The Additional Chief Secretary (Rev-DM) to the Government of Himachal Pradesh, Shimla-2 w.r.t. his letter referred above.
- 2 Shri Kamal Kishore, Member, National Disaster Management Authority, NDMA Bhawan, A-1, Safdarganj Enclave, New-Delhi-110029.
- 3 Shri Sanjeev Kumar Jindal, Joint Secretary, Disaster Management, Ministry of Home Affairs, NDCC Building-II Jai Singh Road, New-Delhi-110001.
- 4 Guard file.

5 up load on web site


Jt. Director of Higher Education (C-I)
Himachal Pradesh

No. Rev. (DMC) (F) 11-45/2016 (SFDRR)
Revenue Department (DMC)
Government of Himachal Pradesh

6/10/17
11/08/17

From

The Additional Chief Secretary (Rev-DM) to the
Government of Himachal Pradesh.

To

1. All the Deputy Commissioners in the Himachal Pradesh.
2. All the Head of Departments in the Himachal Pradesh. (Higher Education)

Dated- Shimla, the 04th August 2017

Sub- Recommendations of the State level Conclave on Sendai Framework on Disaster Risk Reduction held during 30th May -31st May, 2017 at Hotel Holiday Home, Shimla.

Sir/Madam,

I am directed to refer to the subject cited above and to share the recommendations of the two days State level Conclave on the Sendai Framework on the Disaster Risk Reduction held during 30th -31st May, 2017 at the Hotel Holiday Home, Shimla under the Chairmanship of Hon'ble Chief Minister, Himachal Pradesh. The above Conclave have been organized as one of the key recommendations of First Meeting of the State Platform on Disaster Risk Reduction and as per the advise of the Disaster Management Division, Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India.

Therefore, you are requested to implement the recommendations in your districts/departments.

Yours faithfully,


(Devi Ram)

Deputy Secretary (Rev-DM) to the
Government of Himachal Pradesh

Endst. No. As above.

Dated, Shimla -2, the 04th August 2017.

Copy forwarded to following for information:-

1. Shri Kamal Kishore, Member, National Disaster Management Authority, NDMA Bhawan, A-1, Safdarjung Enclave, New Delhi - 110029
2. Shri. Sanjeev Kumar Jindal, Joint Secretary, Disaster Management, Ministry of Home Affairs, NDCC Building- II Jai Singh Road, New Delhi -110001.

P. A. Cell	133737
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09 AUG 2017	
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Deputy Secretary (Rev-DM) to the
Government of Himachal Pradesh

MS Tyagi
11/8/17

State Level Conclave on Implementation of Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction (2015-2030)

Shimla

30th 31st May 2017

The Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction (SFDRR) is a 15-year (2015-2030), voluntary, non-binding instrument endorsed by the UN Member countries including India. SFDRR recognizes that the Government has the primary role to reduce disaster risk but that the responsibility should be shared with other stakeholders including local self-government, the private sector, international organisations and others. SFDRR aims at *"the substantial reduction of disaster risk and losses in lives, livelihoods and health and in the economic, physical, social, cultural and environmental assets of persons, businesses, communities and countries"*.

The Government of Himachal Pradesh with support from the Ministry of Home Affairs and UNDP organized the state level Conclave on Implementation of Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction (2015-2030) from 30th to 31st May 2017 at Shimla.

The Conclave aimed to bring together policy makers, government officials, disaster management practitioners, UN agencies, NGOs and others to discuss the priorities and targets of the SFDRR with reference to the State Government and identify key actions under each priority. The Conclave also aimed at identifying opportunities for integrating the SFDRR into the policies, programmes and schemes of the various line departments, ULBs and other stakeholders.

The objectives of the Conclave was to provide a practical understanding of the SFDRR and reflect on National and State level initiatives as to and how they contribute to the SFDRR in order to achieve the goals and targets set for 2030. It further tried to orient line agencies/ departments on the links between the SFDRR and the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). It was noted that the Government of Himachal Pradesh has already initiated the process for implementation of Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) as well as SFDRR in the State. The State Government has constituted Committees for specific SDGs which have started wider consultations with the stakeholders. This provides an excellent opportunity to integrate SDGs and SFDRR for better synergy and outcomes.

After deliberations, the participants recommended the following against each of the four Priorities under SFDRR:

Priority 1: Understanding disaster risk

1. HRVA information to be used while formulating and implementing development schemes. Risk information should be widely disseminated to the Government officials, NGOs, Private Sector and communities. Gram Panchayat (GP) development plans to consider location specific risks.
2. HP data collection system to be strengthened to promote real time access to reliable data through state/district/city portals.
3. Develop detailed scenarios projecting risk faced by and likely impacts on key sectors in the State.
4. Promote evidence based information on climate change impacts on sectors such as Agriculture, horticulture, infrastructure, etc.

1. Priority 2: Strengthening disaster risk governance to manage disaster risk

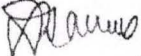
1. GIS-based decision making system, similar to the system developed for Hamirpur should be replicated in all the districts.
2. Learning from Uttarakhand floods, strengthen government coordination mechanisms for managing large scale disasters particularly at the district level.
3. Strengthen techno-legal regime such as building bye laws and land use plans, as well as strengthen enforcement capacities to avoid future risks.
4. The sectoral working groups constituted by the state Government under the Sustainable Development Goals to recommend activities for achieving relevant resilience related targets.


Priority 3: Investing in disaster risk reduction for resilience

1. Additional costs for ensuring safety of buildings and infrastructure should be promoted.
2. Promote mainstreaming of disaster risk reduction through central and state plan schemes
3. Invest on developing capacities of masons, engineers, architects and doctors to adopt disaster resilient appropriate technologies as well as non-structural measures.
4. Integrate disaster risk management approaches in the tourism industry
5. Provide guidance to departments for utilization of flexi funds provided under centrally sponsored schemes.

Priority 4: Enhancing disaster preparedness for effective response and to "Build Back Better" in recovery, rehabilitation and reconstruction

1. Constitute and train disaster management Task Forces/Teams at village and wards level and provide basic equipment for S&R, including community workers - ASHA, ANMs on response functions. Mandi model of developing volunteer based (Social Emergency Response Volunteers) system could be replicated to develop local capacities aligned to manage local risks.
2. Promote Ham Radio as an additional source of communication in the remote parts of the State.
3. Enhance state and district level capacity for psycho-social support interventions by creating a pool of professionals and First Aid givers.
4. Prepare and implement disaster management plans for line agencies and departments.
5. Strengthen the capacity of Urban Local Bodies (ULBs) and Panchayat Raj Institutions (PRIs) into the risk mitigation planning and preparedness.
6. Promote women's participation in disaster preparedness response, recovery, rehabilitation and reconstruction.
7. Notify Incident Response Teams in the districts, train them and carry out simulation exercises at least once every year.
8. Carry out scenarios based mock exercises with active participation of all stakeholders.
9. Strengthen early warning dissemination systems for reaching out to the last mile.


Special Secretary (Rev. DM) *****
to the Government of H.P.


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